

CLINICAL EMERGENCY MEDICINE

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Clinical Emergency Medicine

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To my parents, for teaching me the meaning of hard work and reminding me when to slow down. To Mason and Colin, you bring me all the joy and happiness that a father could imagine. To Michelle, for your constant love and support.

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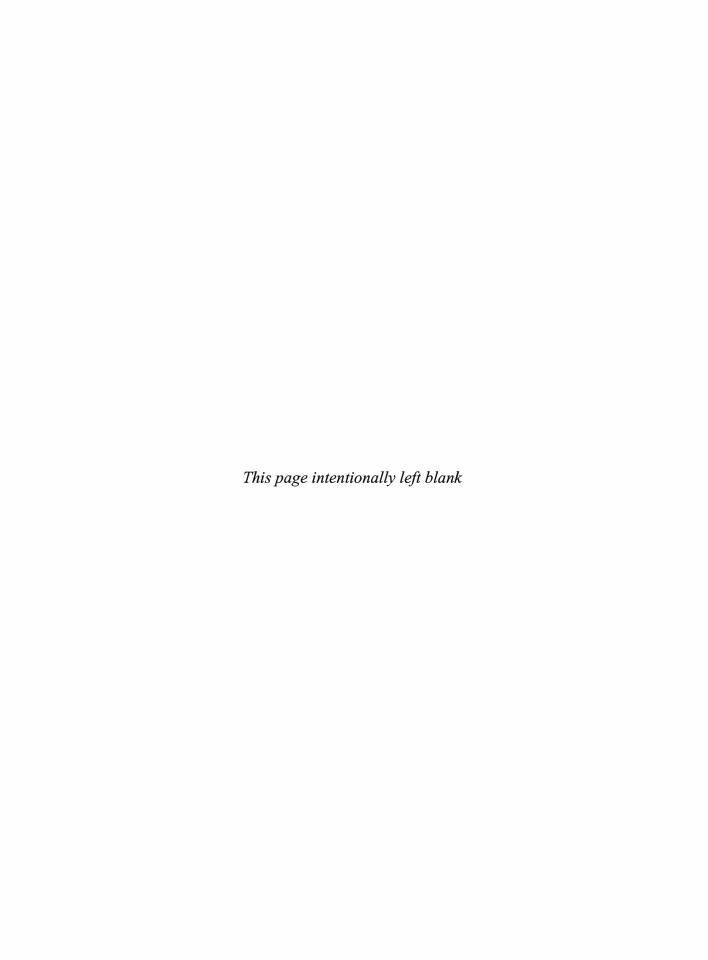
To my parents for a lifetime of encouragement; to Bridget, Elsie, and Jane, who give meaning to my life; and to our patients, who give us the opportunity to learn something new every shift.

Joseph M. Weber, MD

To my beautiful wife, loving parents, and gracious sisters, without whose compassion and support my career would not be possible. And to teachers everywhere, helping the next generation achieve their dreams.

Mike Schindlbeck, MD

To my students, who continually show me how much more I have to learn. Rahul Patwari, MD



Contents

viii

Contributors

Preface	xvi		
Acknowledgments	xvii		
I. Common Procedures		IV. Pulmonary Emergencies	
1. Incision and Drainage	1	20. Dyspnea	84
2. Arterial Blood Gas	4	21. Asthma	89
3. Central Venous Access	8	22. Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary	95
4. Procedural Sedation	13	Disease	
5. Lumbar Puncture	16	23. Pneumonia	100
6. Laceration Repair	20	24. Pneumothorax	105
7. Needle and Tube Thoracostomy	24	25. Pulmonary Embolism	108
8. Introduction to Emergency		V. Abdominal Emergencies	
Ultrasonography	27	26. Acute Abdominal Pain	112
II. Resuscitation		27. Appendicitis	118
9. Emergency Medical Services	30	28. Acute Cholecystitis	121
10. Cardiopulmonary Arrest	33	29. Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm	125
11. Airway Management	37	30. Gastrointestinal Bleeding	128
12. Shock	42	31. Intestinal Obstruction	131
III. Cardiovascular Emergencies		32. Mesenteric Ischemia	135
13. Chest Pain	46	VI. Infectious Disease Emergencies	
14. Acute Coronary Syndromes	50	33. Fever	138
15. Congestive Heart Failure	57	34. Sepsis	142
16. Dysrhythmias	63	35. Meningitis and Encephalitis	147
17. Aortic Dissection	70	36. Soft Tissue Infections	151
18. Hypertensive Emergencies	75	37. Human Immunodeficiency Virus	156
19. Syncope	80	38. Blood and Body Fluid Exposure	162

CONTENTS

VII. Genitourinary Emergencies		XI. Environmental Emergencies	
39. Nephrolithiasis	166	61. Hypothermia	259
40. Urinary Tract Infections	170	62. Cold-Induced Tissue Injuries	263
41. Testicular Torsion	174	63. Heat-Related Illness	267
42. Penile Disorders	177	64. Drowning Incidents	270
VIII. Obstetrics/Gynecologic Emerg	encies	65. Envenomation	274
43. Vaginal Bleeding	181	XII. Metabolic/Endocrine Emergenci	es
44. Vaginal Discharge	185	66. Diabetic Emergencies	280
45. Preeclampsia and Eclampsia	189	67. Potassium Disorders	284
46. Emergency Delivery	192	68. Thyroid Emergencies	288
IX. Pediatric Emergencies		69. Adrenal Emergencies	292
47. The Pediatric Patient	196	XIII. Hematologic/Oncologic Emerge	encies
48. Pediatric Fever	201	70. Oncologic Emergencies	295
49. Respiratory Distress	206	71. Sickle Cell Emergencies	299
50. Abdominal Pain	212	72. Transfusion Reactions	304
51. Dehydration	217	73. Anticoagulant Therapy and Its	200
52. Otitis Media	221	Complications VIV HEENT Emergencies	308
53. Pharyngitis	225	XIV. HEENT Emergencies	217
X. Toxicology		74. Slit Lamp Examination	312
54. The Poisoned Patient	230	75. Red Eye	315
55. Toxic Alcohols	235	76. Acute Visual Loss	319
56. Acetaminophen Toxicity	239	77. Epistaxis	324
57. Salicylate Toxicity	244	78. Dental Emergencies	327
58. Carbon Monoxide Poisoning	247	XV. Neurologic Emergencies	222
59. Digoxin	251	79. Altered Mental Status	332
60. Cyclic Antidepressants	255	80. Headache	336
		81. Dizziness	341

CONTENTS

82. Cerebrovascular Accident	347	92. Low Back Pain	403
83. Seizures and Status Epilepticus	353	93. Compartment Syndromes	407
XVI. Trauma		94. Septic Arthritis	410
84. Trauma Principles	358	95. Splinting	414
85. Head Injuries	363	XVIII. Dermatologic Emergencies	
86. Cervical Spine Injuries	368	96. Life-Threatening Dermatoses	418
87. Thoracic Trauma	374	97. Allergic Reactions	423
88. Abdominal Trauma	381	XIX. Psychiatric Emergencies	
89. Burns	387	98. Approach to the Psychiatric Patient	426
XVII. Orthopedic Emergencies		Index	429
90. Upper Extremity Injuries	391		
91. Lower Extremity Injuries	397		

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Preface

We wrote this book because we remember our own experiences as medical students and junior residents working in the emergency department (ED). The ED is a unique environment that requires knowledge and skills often not covered in medical or physician assistant school. In this book, we attempt to create a resource for the medical student, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, and junior-level resident to use to get a grasp on the issues and scope of problems that they will confront while working in the ED.

The book's length and format are designed to allow the student and practitioner to begin to digest the broad range of topics inherent to emergency medicine (EM). Each chapter begins with a section on Key Points, followed by an Introduction, Clinical Presentation (History and Physical Examination), Diagnostic Studies, Medical Decision Making, Treatment, and Disposition. Whenever possible, we tried to give practical information regarding drug dosing, medical decision-making thought processes, treatment plans, and dispositions that will actually allow you to function more comfortably in the clinical environment. The diagnostic algorithms are a unique feature that attempt to simplify the problem and point the clinician in the right direction.

The book has 19 sections and 98 chapters that cover the entire contents of the EM clerkship curriculum (*Acad Emerg Med.* 2010;17:638-643). The authors are all practicing emergency physicians and EM educators from throughout the country. For medical student clerkship directors, we believe that this text is the perfect book for the student to pick up and digest during a 4-week rotation.

In summary, we hope this book will enhance the emergency medicine experience of all its users.

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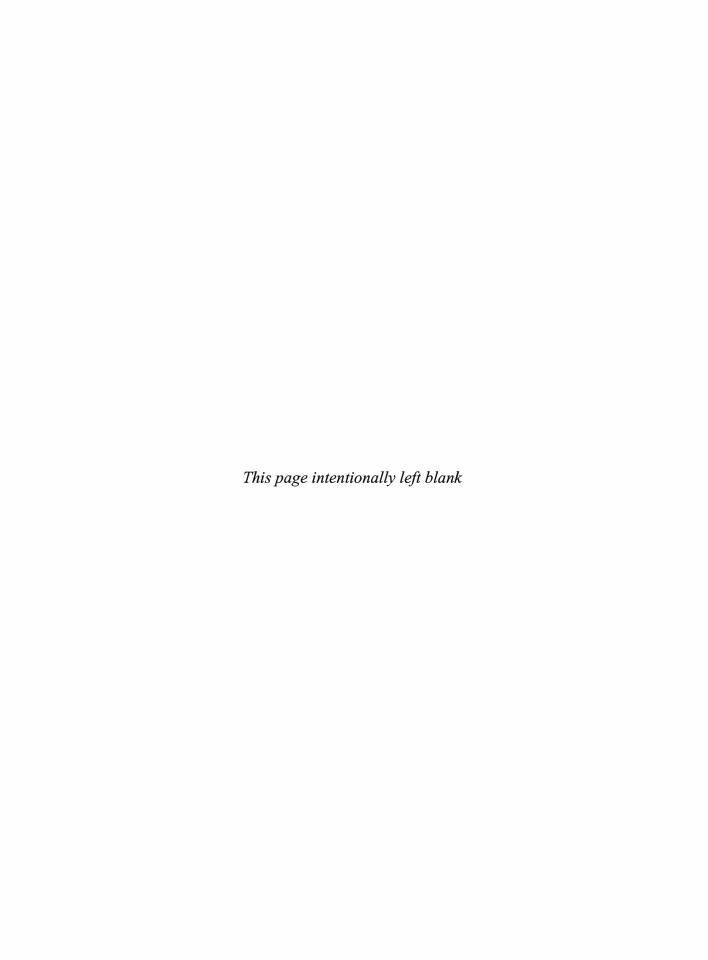
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Incision and Drainage

David E. Manthey, MD



Key Points

- Incision and drainage is the procedure of choice for subcutaneous abscesses.
- Antibiotics are not necessary unless there is associated cellulitis.
- Abscesses should be probed with curved hemostats to break up loculations and identify deeper tracks.
- Local anesthesia may be difficult and require additional field block, parenteral analgesics, or sedation.

INDICATIONS

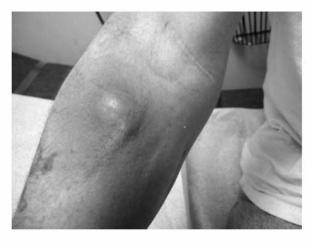
Incision and drainage (I&D) is the definitive treatment for any subcutaneous abscess. Abscesses should be drained if larger than 5 mm and accessible to percutaneous incision. Antibiotics alone are not adequate treatment of an abscess. In fact, skin abscesses without surrounding cellulitis, once drained, do not require any further treatment with antibiotics.

Abscesses can be diagnosed by physical examination based on swelling, pain, redness, and fluctuance (Figure 1-1). Some abscesses will spontaneously drain, leaving little diagnostic doubt. Bedside ultrasound may aid in diagnosis by identifying a hypoechoic area of fluid just under the skin. Needle aspiration may also be employed to prove the presence of pus.

Abscesses are often denoted by various names depending on their location and/or structure involved. The treatment remains the same. Paronychia and eponychia form around the nail (Figure 1-2). Felons occur with infection of the volar pad of the finger and require a specific approach for drainage. Bartholin gland abscesses occur in the paired glands that provide moisture to the vestibule of the vaginal mucosa. When the opening becomes occluded, either an abscess or a cyst can develop. After I&D, a Word catheter is placed to insure continued drainage of the gland. Removal or marsupialization of the gland may be required to prevent recurrence.

Hidradenitis suppurativa is a chronic relapsing inflammatory process affecting the apocrine glands in the axilla, inguinal area, or both. Multiple abscesses can form and eventually lead to draining fistulous tracts that require surgical management. I&D of these abscesses is frequently necessary and performed in the emergency department.

Incision and drainage may also be used to treat infected pilonidal or sebaceous cysts. Further treatment by a



▲ Figure 1-1. A subcutaneous abscess in an intravenous drug user.

2 CHAPTER 1



Figure 1-2. Paronychia.

surgeon will often include removing the capsule to prevent recurrence.

Perirectal abscesses include superficial abscesses (ie, perianal), which can be drained by emergency physicians, and deeper abscesses (ie, ischiorectal, intersphincteric, supralevator), which require operative surgical drainage. Perianal abscesses present as tender, fluctuant masses palpated around the anal verge. Deeper abscesses often present with rectal pain, pain with defecation, rectal and buttock erythema and tenderness, and systemic symptoms (ie, fever, lethargy).

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Cellulitis without evidence of underlying abscess should not be incised. Pulsatile masses that may be infected pseudoaneuryms should not be incised.

Extremely large or deep abscesses should be considered for drainage under anesthesia. As a result of transient bacteremia, those patients at risk for endocarditis owing to an artificial or abnormal heart valve should be given appropriate perioperative antibiotics.

Abscesses of the palms, soles, nasolabial fold, breasts, finger pads (felons), face, and deeper perirectal region can be associated with complications. Consider consultation with the appropriate surgical subspecialty.

EQUIPMENT

Povidone-iodine solution or chlorhexidine solution to cleanse the skin

Anesthetic of 1% lidocaine or 0.25% bupivacaine with epinephrine

18-gauge needle (to aspirate anesthetic)

27-gauge needle and syringe (to inject local anesthesia)

Splash guard or 18-gauge angiocatheter (without needle) 30-mL syringe for irrigation

Sterile water or normal saline

11-blade scalpel

Swab for bacterial culture

Curved hemostat

1/4-inch iodoform packing

Scissors

Gloves, gown, and facemask with shield (universal precautions)

Gauze and tape

PROCEDURE

Discuss the risks and benefits of the procedure with the patient before obtaining consent. Verify abscess location with ultrasound if necessary. Wash your hands and wear gloves, gown, and a face shield, as many abscesses are under pressure. Position the patient and lighting to allow for the best visualization and access to the abscess. Prepare the area with povidone-iodine solution or chlorhexidine.

Utilizing a 27-gauge needle, inject the anesthetic just under the dermis parallel to the surface of the skin. Blanching of the tissue will occur as the anesthetic spreads out through the skin. Cover the entire area to be incised. Avoid injecting lidocaine into the abscess cavity. This may increase the pressure in the cavity causing more pain. For larger abscesses, local field blocks, parenteral analgesics, and/or procedural sedation may be necessary.

If it is unclear whether an abscess exists, attempt aspiration of pus with a syringe and an 18- or 20-gauge needle. If confirmed, use an 11-blade scalpel to make a single incision in the skin. The incision should be at the point of maximal fluctuance oriented in the long axis of the abscess. In general, the incision should extend two thirds of the diameter of the abscess cavity (except when draining Bartholin gland abscesses, for which only an incision 0.5–1 cm should be made). Attempt to incise parallel to existing skin tension lines to promote cosmetic results.

Use gentle and steady pressure around the abscess to express pus from the cavity. Insert a curved hemostat to break loculations by working in a clockwise fashion around the entire abscess cavity. This will also help identify any deeper tracks. If desired, obtain a culture of the wound at this time.

Consider gentle irrigation of the wound until the fluid returning is clear. Pack the wound with enough iodoform gauze to keep the sides of the abscess from touching. This will allow for further drainage. Cover the wound with gauze.

When treating a Bartholin gland abscess, a small catheter (Word catheter) is placed in the opening instead of iodoform. The catheter should remain in place for several weeks to allow for the development of a fistula for continued drainage.

The patient is instructed to follow up in 48 hours to have the packing removed. If pus is no longer present and symptoms are resolving, the wound is allowed to heal by secondary intention.

COMPLICATIONS

Scarring from the abscess and incision will occur. Numbness from cutaneous nerve injury may occur. Seeding of the blood with bacteria may transiently occur.

SUGGESTED READING

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Arterial Blood Gas

Brian C. Kitamura, MD John Sarko, MD

Key Points

- Arterial puncture for blood gas analysis is a common procedure performed in the emergency department (ED).
- Blood obtained from the radial artery can be used to quickly provide quantitative information on the
- patient's acid-base status and carboxyhemoglobin, methemoglobin, and electrolyte levels.
- Arterial puncture is a useful way to obtain blood for analysis when traditional phlebotomy is limited or difficult on the basis of patient characteristics.

INDICATIONS

The primary indication for obtaining an arterial blood sample is for the assessment of the partial pressures of oxygen and carbon dioxide and accurate assessment of arterial pH. Secondarily, arterial blood can be analyzed for carboxyhemoglobin, methemoglobin, and basic electrolytes depending on the capabilities of the laboratory. Under certain circumstances it may be necessary to obtain a sample of arterial blood for other routine laboratory tests, such as in patients who are obese or have a history of intravenous drug abuse, in whom the radial artery is palpable, but venous access is difficult or may be delayed.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

There are few absolute contraindications for arterial puncture for blood gas analysis. Trauma, infection, or abnormalities of the overlying skin such as a burn are contraindications because of concern for infection or further damage to the vascular structures. Patients with known coagulopathies, taking anticoagulants, or who may require thrombolytic agents should be approached with caution because of the increased risk of bleeding, hematoma formation, or rarely, compartment syndrome. Finally, a known history of insufficient blood flow through the

palmar arch or previous surgery to the radial or ulnar arteries should also be considered a contraindication. The Allen test, described later, has been used as a way to determine adequacy of collateral circulation, however, its necessity has been questioned.

EQUIPMENT

Many commercially prepared kits for arterial puncture are available, and if a commercial kit is not available, then equipment is easily found in most EDs. The following equipment is typically used to perform the procedure (Figure 2-1).

▶ Required Equipment

Alcohol, chlorhexidine, or iodine prep pads 2- to 3-mL heparinized syringe with a 23- to 25-gauge needle

Syringe cap

Appropriate personal protective equipment Gauze or other dressing

Suggested Equipment

Anesthetic (eg, lidocaine)
Ultrasound or Doppler (if the artery is difficult to palpate)



Figure 2-1. Equipment used for an arterial puncture.

Rolled towel or kidney basin (to stabilize and extend the wrist)

Ice (for specimen process times > 10 minutes)

Local anesthesia is not strictly required for the procedure; however, studies have shown that pain, as well as the number of attempts required to obtain a sample, are reduced when appropriate anesthesia is provided. Traditionally, 1% lidocaine is used, avoiding epinephrine because of concern for vasospasm. Recent studies have suggested that jet-injected 2% lidocaine also provides reasonable anesthesia.

PROCEDURE

Before selecting an appropriate wrist, the Allen test may be used to assess collateral circulation. Manually occlude the radial and ulnar arteries using your fingers. Ask the patient to clench the fist to increase venous drainage from the hand for approximately 30 seconds. Ask the patient to open the hand, which should be noticeably pale. At this point, release only the ulnar artery. Rapid return of color signifies adequate collateral flow. Although the necessity of the test for arterial puncture is questioned, common sense dictates that if collateral flow in one wrist is noticeably decreased compared with the other, the wrist with better collateral flow should be accessed. In the absence of good collateral flow in both wrists, the necessity of the procedure should be weighed against the remote risk of serious vascular injury and distal extremity ischemia.

The radial artery is easily palpated in a majority of patients. It runs down the radial aspect of the forearm, generally located between the styloid process of the radius and the flexor carpi radialis tendon at the



▲ Figure 2-2. Position of the forearm for puncture of the radial artery. A kidney basin or rolled towel may be helpful to hold the patient's wrist in this position.

proximal crease of the wrist. The patient's wrist should be extended to bring the artery to a more superficial position. A kidney basin or rolled towel as well as tape may be helpful to hold the patient's wrist in this position (Figure 2-2). The skin overlying the artery should be cleaned. The skin and immediate subcutaneous tissue should then be appropriately anesthetized. The authors recommend massaging the area or letting it rest for 1–2 minutes for the anesthetic to take complete effect. This time may be used to prepare your other equipment.

After locating the impulse of the artery with the nondominate hand, take the syringe and needle in your dominate hand and slowly advance the needle toward the impulse at a 30- to 45-degree angle proximally toward the patient. If the impulse is difficult to detect, an ultrasound or Doppler may be helpful to locate the artery (Figure 2-3). Some practitioners use a direct 90-degree angle to the skin, but this is largely a matter of preference. When the artery is accessed, blood will passively fill the syringe. It should not be necessary to draw back on the syringe. Pulsatile or bright red blood signals the correct vessel has been accessed; however, this may not be apparent in the critically ill patient. If blood is not obtained, withdraw the needle to just below the skin and reattempt the procedure after slight adjustments have been made. Do not move the needle in an arc deep in the skin, as this risks damage to the vascular structures.

After blood is collected, the needle should be removed and disposed of appropriately. Remove air from the syringe and place the syringe cap, ensuring that blood contacts the cap. Maintain pressure over the arterial site for approximately 5 minutes to prevent development of a hematoma, and dress the wound appropriately.